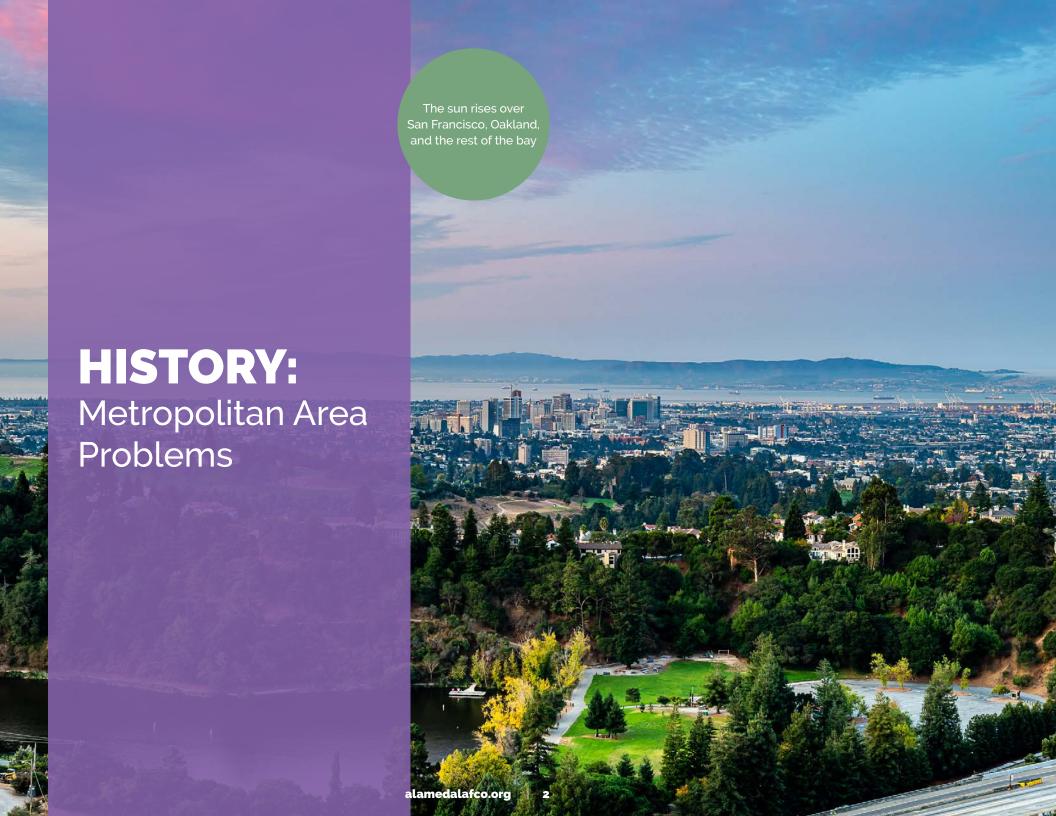


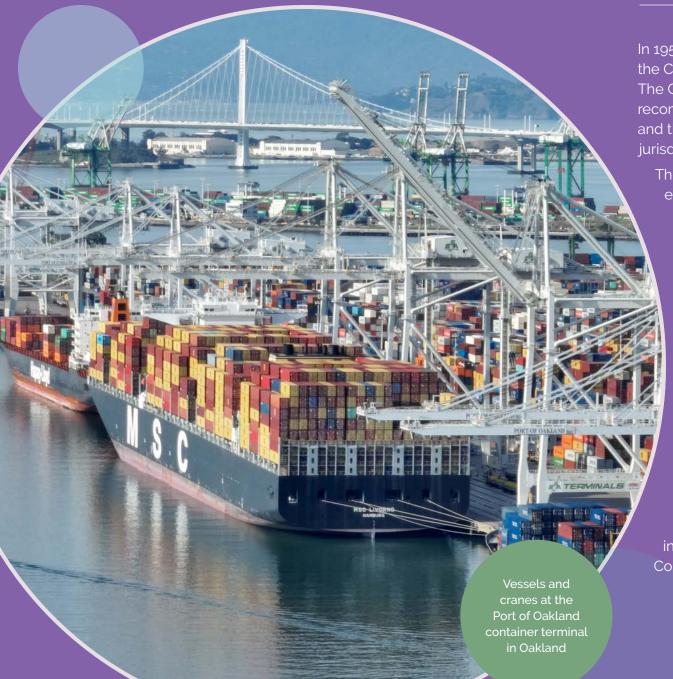


NAVIGATING GROWTH

A Guide to Local Agency Formation Commissions

INTRODUCTION TO LAFCO | MAY 2025





In 1959, Governor Edmund G. Brown, Sr. appointed the Commission on Metropolitan Area Problems. The Commission's charge was to study and make recommendations on the "misuse of land resources" and the growing complexity of local governmental iurisdictions.

The Governor did this in response to California experiencing dramatic growth in population and economic development after World War II.

With this boom came a demand for housing, jobs, and public services. To accommodate this demand, the state approved the formation of many new local government agencies, often with little forethought as to the ultimate governance structures in a given region. The lack of coordination and adequate planning led to a multitude of overlapping, inefficient jurisdictional and service boundaries, and the premature conversion/loss of California's agricultural and open-space lands.

The Commission's recommendations on local governmental reorganization were introduced in the Legislature in 1963, resulting in the creation of Local Agency Formation Commissions, or "LAFCO."

LAFCO LAW: A Brief History

After \X/\X/||

California experiences a postwar population boom. Housing and industry needs lead to the rapid creation or expansion of many cities and special districts. Without oversight, the results are often overlapping and inefficient services, at the cost of valuable agricultural land.

1959

Governor Edmund G. "Pat" Brown, Sr. forms the Commission on Metropolitan Area Problems (CMAP) to study and recommend solutions for the "misuse of land resources" and the growing complexity of local governmental jurisdictions.

1960

CMAP issues recommendations urging for a local governmental reorganization.

1963

Using the CMAP recommendations, the Knox-Nisbet Act is created. It creates Local Agency Formation Commissions (LAFCOs) and provides governance for the formation of new cities and special districts.

The Knox-Nisbet Act, the District Reorganization Act, and the Municipal Organization Act are consolidated into the Cortese Knox Local Government Reorganization Act of 1985.

1997

The Commission on Local Governance for the 21st Century forms to consider city, county, and special district boundary laws and takes testimony from around

2000

LAFCOs gain independence as a state agency when the Cortese Knox Herzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 (CHK) is passed in response to recommendations made in "Growth Within Bounds." the final report of the Commission on Local Governance for the 21st Century.

ALAMEDA COUNTY TODAY

Square Miles



Special Districts

16 V 2020 Population

Projected Population In 2050

Unincorporated Communities

Ashland, Castlewood, Castro Valley, Cherryland, Fairview, Happy Valley, Hayward Acres, Hillcrest Knolls, Rement Tract, San Lorenzo, and Sunol



WHAT ARE LAFCOS?

You probably never heard about them



 LAFCOs are state-mandated quasi-judicial agency





LAFCO base decisions on data-driven analysis, considering things like population and land use patterns, socioeconomic conditions, present and projected municipal service needs, and the efficiency and effectiveness of service delivery



They were created by the California Legislature to control the boundaries of cities and most special districts



Commissions have ability to adopt their own policies to fit local needs



LAFCOs commissioners are local representatives that are not state-appointed, thus keeping local control within their respective counties



LAFCOs are directed to achieve three main purposes:

- Discourage urban sprawl
- Encourage orderly government and development
- Preserve agricultural and open space lands



They hold agencies accountable

LAFCO JURISDICTION

Countywide

Cities

Alameda

Albany

Berkeley

Dublin

Emeryville

Fremont

Hayward

Livermore

Oakland

Piedmont

Pleasanton

San Leandro

Union City

Special Districts DEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICTS

Alameda County Fire Department

Alameda County Flood & Water Conservation District

Alameda County Flood & Water Conservation District

Zone 7

Castle Homes CSA (R-1982-1)

Castlewood CSA (R-1967-1)

Emergency Medical Services CSA (EM-1983-1)

Estuary Bridges (B-1988-1)

Extended Police Protection CSA (PP-1991-1)

Five Canyons (PW-1994-1)

Lead Abatement (LA-1991-1)

Morva CSA (R-1982-2)

Public Works Extended Services CSA (PW-2006-1)

Street Lighting CSA (SL-1970-1)

Vector Control Services District CSA (VC-1984-1)

INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICTS

Alameda County Mosquito Abatement District

Alameda County Resource Conservation District

Alameda County Water District

Castro Valley Sanitary District

City of Alameda Healthcare District

Dublin San Ramon Services District

East Bay Municipal Utility District

East Bay Regional Park District

Eden Township Healthcare District

Fairview Fire Protection District

Hayward Area Recreation and Park District

Livermore Area Recreation and Park District

Oro Loma Sanitary District

Union Sanitary District

Washington Township Healthcare District dba Washington Hospital Healthcare System

Zone 7 Water Agency*

LAFCO DOES NOT REGULATE:

- County boundary lines
- Community facilities
- School or college districts
- Other agencies such as JPAs or improvement districts
- Bridge or highway districts
- Assessment districts

THE COMMISSION

State law dictates LAFCO composition. The Alameda LAFCO is composed of two county supervisors selected by the Board of Supervisors; two city council representatives selected by a majority of the mayors in the county; two special district board members selected by the special district selection committee; and one public member selected by the other six members. There is an alternate for each category - city, county, special district, and public.

These members are all required by State law to think with their LAFCO "hats" and represent the interests of the public at large – not their elected positions.

Jack Balch

City Member City of Pleasanton Mayor

Ralph Johnson

Vice Chair Special District Member Castro Valley Sanitary District

John Marchand

City Member City of Livermore, Mayor

Mariellen Faria

Special District Member **Eden Township Healthcare** District

Lena Tam

County of Alameda, Alternate District 3 Board of Supervisor

Sherry Hu

City of Dublin

Peter Rosen

Special District

and Park District

Member, Alternate Hayward Area Recreation

City Member, Alternate

County of Alameda District 4 Board of Supervisor

Nate Miley

Sblend Sblendorio

Public Member

Bob Woerner

David Haubert

County of Alameda

District 1 Board of

Supervisor

Public Member. Alternate





LAFCO STAFF

Rachel Jones

Executive Director

April Raffel

Commission Clerk

Andrew Massey

County Counsel

- LAFCO contracts with County for support services: Assessor, Auditor Controller, Recorders' Office. Clerk of the Board. Registrar of Voters, General Services Agency, Human Resource Services, Legal Counsel, Risk Management Unit, and Information Technology Department
 - The Executive Officer takes policy direction from the Commission

LAFCO FUNDING

State law specifies the Commission's operating costs shall be divided into one-third increments between the (a) county, (b) cities, and (c) independent special districts.

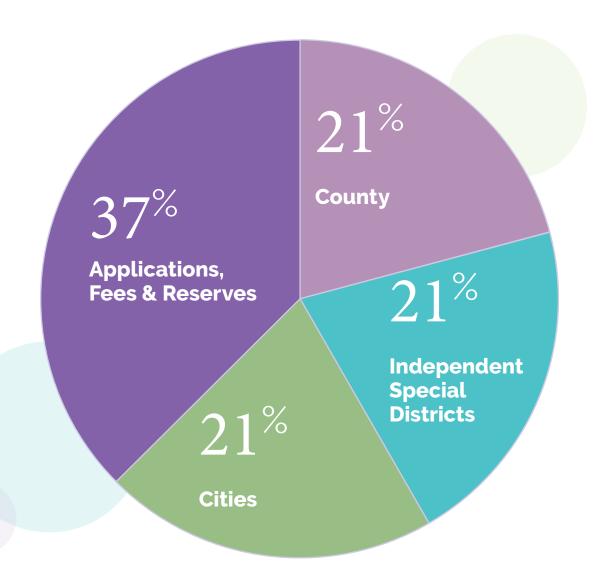
\$910,855

2024-2025 Operating Budget

AGENCIES	OPERATING BUDGET
County	190,952
Independent Special Districts	190,952
Cities	190,952
Applications, Fees, & Reserves	338,000
Total Operating Budget	910,855

 LAFCOs are locally funded by county, cities, and special districts in equal apportionments

- Application fees help to offset expenses
- Must adopt a budget each fiscal year

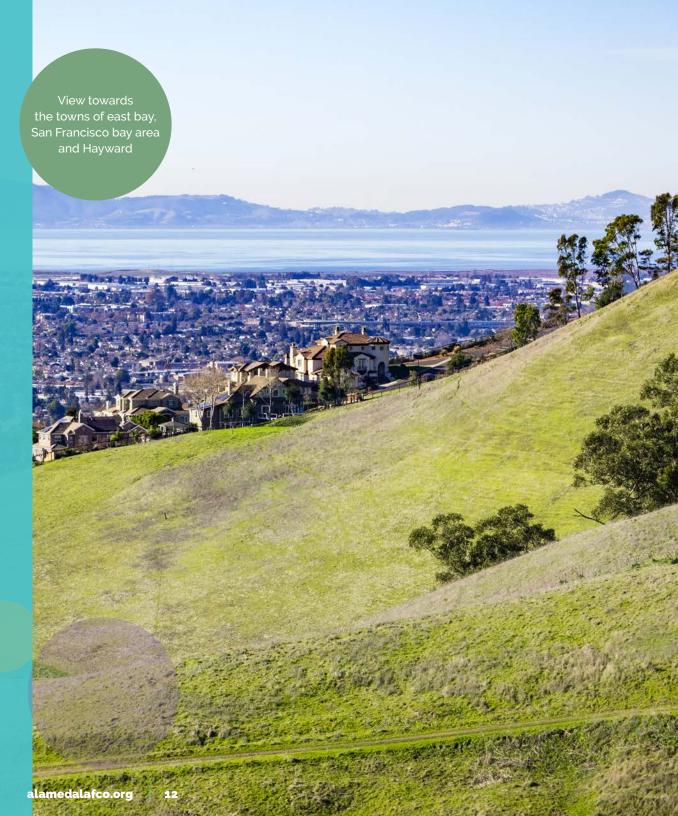




MISSION STATEMENT

Alameda LAFCO provides oversight over local governments to make Alameda County a great place to live and work by balancing the preservation of agriculture and open space with provision of sustainable municipal services.

WHAT DO LAFCOS DO?



A PLANNING AGENCY

LAFCO plans for orderly growth and development by considering proposed amendments to jurisdictional boundaries of cities and special districts; and works collaboratively with local agencies on growth, preservation, governance and service issues by conducting service reviews, prior to updating the spheres of influence of cities and special districts once every five years, or as necessary.



A REGULATORY AGENCY





DETERMINING A SPHERE

The Commission considers several factors in determining a sphere:

- Present and planned land uses
- Present and probable need for public facilities and services
- Present capacity of public facilities and adequacy of public services
- Existence of any social or economic communities of interest

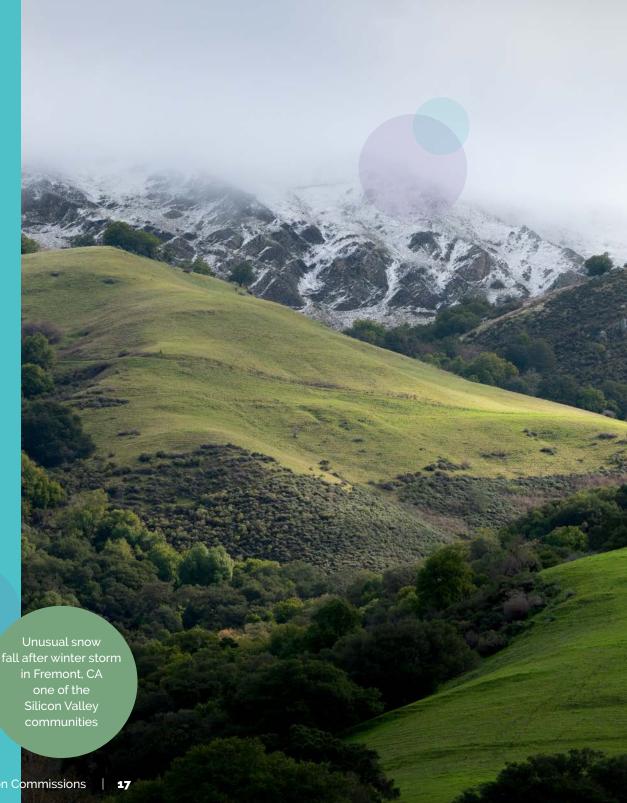
The intent in preparing the written statements is to orient LAFCOs in addressing the core principles underlying the sensible development of local agencies consistent with the anticipated needs of the affected communities.



MUNICIPAL SERVICE REVIEWS

A Municipal Service Review (MSR) is a comprehensive study designed to better inform LAFCO, local agencies, and the community about the provision of municipal services.

Service reviews attempt to capture and analyze information about the governance structures and efficiencies of service providers, and to identify opportunities for greater coordination and cooperation between providers. The service review is a prerequisite to a sphere of influence amendment and may also lead a LAFCO to take other actions under its authority, such as reorganizations, like consolidations or dissolutions of local agencies.



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MSRS INFORM LAFCO AND LOCAL AGENCY DECISIONS

These MSRs must make recommendations and provide information on growth and population projections, present and planned capacity for an agency to provide service, the financial ability of an agency to provide services, the opportunity of shared facilities among agencies, accountability of agencies to the public, and other issues determined by the Commission, one example being how the agency plans to face climate change.

- Orderly growth: agencies and territory
- Future boundary changes
- Service delivery options
- Regional Transportation Plans



LAFCOS CREATE PUBLIC VALUE

Sustainable Communities

Actively sync the development of local agencies and their municipal services to meet changing community needs and priorities.

Housing

Approval of boundary proposals or services often helps accommodate housing needs of all incomes and types.

Land Preservation

Redirects urban uses away from agricultural and open space lands to help preserve open spaces, parks, farmlands, and wildlife.

Economic Activity

Extends of services to agricultural lands to maintain economic vitality.

Accountability

Promotes public accountability and transparency of local agencies.



GET INVOLVED

There are many ways to stay informed and get involved in Alameda LAFCO.

Utilize The Website

The Alameda LAFCO website is your resource for news and announcements, meetings, policies & procedures, application materials, spheres of influence, municipal service reviews, special studies, and other resources.

CONTACT STAFF

Reach our Commissioners and Staff at https://alamedalafco.org/contact-us/.

ATTEND MEETINGS

Alameda LAFCO meetings are open to the public.

Visit **alamedalafco.org** for a complete list of meetings and agendas.

